Q	Answer			N	⁄lark	Guidance
1	-	- Firewall				
	-	- Anti-virus // anti-malware				
2	-	- Encryption				
	-	Prevents hackers from understanding any data if accessed (e.g. passwords)				
	-	Access rights				
	-	To prevent files from being modified / deleted				
	-	User access control				
	-	Prevents users from making changes to the system				
3	-	Staff can bring in files via any medium				
	-	 not allowing/stopping external devices being used on the network She or others may download infected files from the internet (1 - AO2 1a) 				
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	-	blocking/restricting access to insecure websites (1 - AO2 1b)				
	-	- Staff or customers using the network may try to hack into the computer where the data is stored				
	-	allow staff/customer access via a virtual network				
	-	- Sending/sharing sensitive data with third parties (1- AO2 1a)				
	-	 blocking/restricting access to USB ports/email/internet/printing (1 - AO2 1b) 				
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4	-	- It is not a complicated encryption method // should be easy to crack		2		
	-	A powerful computer can decipher messages very quickly.				
5	Eg.			2		
	-	 Encrypt the USB drive Password protect the required files Use a cloud drive to store the data instead of carrying a physical drive 				
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	- Access work files using a VPN					
6		Type of security measure	Outcome	3		
		2 factor authentication	Requires a second pin or keyword to be sent to an			
			email, phone or generated using an app.			
		encryption	Changes file data to an unreadable form.			
		File / directory Access	Only permits people to access files based on role in			
		Levels	an organisation or level in hierarchy.			